

MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund

ARSN 119 029 186

Annual report - 30 June 2011

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This financial report covers MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund as an individual entity.

The Responsible Entity of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund is MQ Portfolio Management Limited (ACN 092 552 611). The Responsible Entity's registered office is No. 1 Martin Place, Sydney, NSW 2000.

Directors' report

The directors of MQ Portfolio Management Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited), the Responsible Entity of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund, present their report together with the financial report of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund ("the Fund") for the year ended 30 June 2011.

Principal activities

The Fund invests in unlisted unit trusts and fixed interest zero coupon bonds in accordance with the provisions of the Fund Constitution.

The Fund did not have any employees during the year.

There were no significant changes in the nature of the Fund's activities during the year.

Directors

The following persons held office as directors of MQ Portfolio Management Limited during the year or since the end of the year and up to the date of this report:

Bruce Neil Terry
 Gervaise Robert John Heddle
 Scot Thompson

Review and results of operations

During the year, the Fund continued to be managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the Fund's offer document and in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

Results

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, was as follows:

	Year ended	
	30 June 2011	30 June 2010
Operating profit before finance costs attributable to unitholders (\$)	<u>280,596</u>	<u>464,538</u>
<i>Distributions</i>		
Distribution paid and payable (\$)	<u>595,393</u>	<u>448,070</u>
Distribution (cents per unit)	<u>7.08</u>	<u>4.62</u>

Significant changes in state of affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund that occurred during the financial year under review.

Matters subsequent to the end of the financial year

No matter or circumstance has arisen since 30 June 2011 that has significantly affected, or may significantly affect:

- (i) the operations of the Fund in future financial years, or
- (ii) the results of those operations in future financial years, or
- (iii) the state of affairs of the Fund in future financial years.

Directors' report (continued)

Likely developments and expected results of operations

The Fund will continue to be managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the Fund's offer document and in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The results of the Fund's operations will be affected by a number of factors, including the performance of investment markets in which the Fund invests. Investment performance is not guaranteed and future returns may differ from past returns. As investment conditions change over time, past returns should not be used to predict future returns.

Further information on likely developments in the operations of the Fund and the expected results of those operations have not been included in this report because the Responsible Entity believes it would be likely to result in unreasonable prejudice to the Fund.

Indemnification and insurance of officers and auditors

No insurance premiums are paid for out of the assets of the Fund in regards to insurance cover provided to either the officers of MQ Portfolio Management Limited or the auditors of the Fund. Under the Fund Constitution, MQ Portfolio Management Limited as Responsible Entity of the Fund is entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Fund for any liability incurred by it in properly performing or exercising any of its powers or duties in relation to the Fund.

Fees paid to and interests held in the Fund by the Responsible Entity or its associates

Fees paid to the Responsible Entity out of Fund property during the year are disclosed in note 9 of the financial statements.

No fees were paid out of Fund property to the directors of the Responsible Entity during the year.

Interests in the Fund held by the Responsible Entity or its associates as at the end of the financial year are disclosed in note 9 of the financial statements.

Interests in the Fund

The movement in units on issue in the Fund during the year is disclosed in note 6 of the financial statements.

The value of the Fund's assets and liabilities is disclosed on the statement of financial position and derived using the basis set out in note 2 of the financial statements.

Environmental regulation

The operations of the Fund are not subject to any particular or significant environmental regulations under a Commonwealth, State or Territory law.

Directors' report (continued)

Auditor's independence declaration

A copy of the Auditor's independence declaration as required under section 307C of the *Corporations Act 2001* is set out on page 5.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

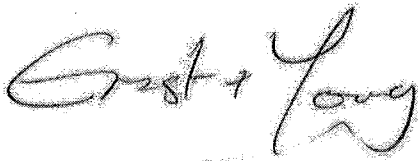


Scot Thompson
Director

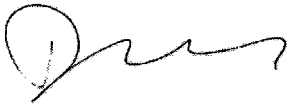
Sydney
28 September 2011

Auditor's Independence Declaration to the Directors of MQ Portfolio Management Limited, as the Responsible Entity for MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund

In relation to our audit of the financial report of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund for the financial year ended 30 June 2011, to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* or any applicable code of professional conduct.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Ernst & Young'.

Ernst & Young

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads 'Darren Handley-Greaves'.

Darren Handley-Greaves
Partner
Sydney
28 September 2011

Statement of comprehensive income

	Notes	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Investment income			
Interest income		5,109	30,041
Distribution income		107,871	310,735
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	5	290,348	347,823
Other operating income		<u>8,612</u>	<u>10,308</u>
Total net investment income		<u>411,940</u>	<u>698,907</u>
Expenses			
Responsible Entity fees	9	120,875	233,042
Other operating expenses		<u>10,469</u>	<u>1,327</u>
Total operating expenses		<u>131,344</u>	<u>234,369</u>
Operating profit		<u>280,596</u>	<u>464,538</u>
Finance costs attributable to unitholders			
Distributions to unitholders		(595,393)	(448,070)
Decrease/(increase) in net assets attributable to unitholders	6	<u>314,797</u>	<u>(16,468)</u>
Profit/(loss) for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The above statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of financial position

	Notes	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	106,680	104,578
Due from brokers - receivable for securities sold		44,000	232,000
Receivables		2,653	2,682
Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	8	<u>6,684,575</u>	<u>7,683,185</u>
Total assets		<u>6,837,908</u>	<u>8,022,445</u>
Liabilities			
Redemptions payable		195,658	900,428
Other payables		5,479	10,469
Responsible Entity fees payable	9	<u>9,883</u>	<u>11,730</u>
Total liabilities (excluding net assets attributable to unitholders)		<u>211,020</u>	<u>922,627</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholders - liability	6	<u>6,626,888</u>	<u>7,099,818</u>

The above statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of changes in equity

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Total equity at the beginning of the year	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners	-	-
Total equity at the end of the year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Under Australian Accounting Standards, net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability rather than equity. As a result there was no equity at the start or end of the year.

The above statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of cashflows

	Notes	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
<i>Cash flows from operating activities</i>			
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		1,891,068	61,657,905
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss		(316,707)	(8,044,409)
Interest received		4,672	30,041
Other income received		18,057	45,721
Responsible Entity fees paid		(131,702)	(338,996)
Other expenses paid		-	(2)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	10(a)	<u>1,465,388</u>	<u>53,350,260</u>
<i>Cash flows from financing activities</i>			
Payments for redemptions by unitholders		(1,452,817)	(53,620,617)
Distributions paid		-	(186,265)
Expenses paid on behalf of unitholders		(10,469)	(16,635)
Net cash outflow from financing activities		<u>(1,463,286)</u>	<u>(53,823,517)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		2,102	(473,257)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		<u>104,578</u>	<u>577,835</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	7	<u>106,680</u>	<u>104,578</u>
Non-cash financing activities	10(b)	589,913	4,189,785

The above statement of cashflows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

1 General information

This financial report covers MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund ("the Fund") as an individual entity. The Fund was registered on 12 April 2006. The Fund is a registered managed investment scheme domiciled in Australia.

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is MQ Portfolio Management Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited. The registered office of the Responsible Entity is Mezzanine Level, No.1 Martin Place, Sydney, NSW 2000. The financial report is presented in the Australian currency.

During the year, the Fund continued to be managed in accordance with the investment objective and strategy set out in the Fund's offer document and in accordance with the Fund's Constitution.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the directors on 28 September 2011. The directors of the Responsible Entity have the power to amend and reissue the financial report.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial report are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of preparation

This general purpose financial report has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board and the *Corporations Act 2001* in Australia.

The financial report is prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position is presented on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of each reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

Where necessary, comparative information has been reclassified to be consistent with current year disclosures.

Compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards

The financial statements also comply with International Financial Reporting Standards as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.

(b) Financial instruments

(i) Classification

The Fund's investments are categorised as at fair value through profit or loss. They comprise:

- Financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition

These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold, such as investments in zero coupon bonds and unlisted unit trusts.

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the Responsible Entity to evaluate the information about these financial assets on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

Loans and receivables/payables comprise amounts due to or from the Fund.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(b) Financial instruments (continued)

(ii) Recognition/derecognition

The Fund recognises financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognises changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are derecognised when the right to receive cashflows from the investments have expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

(a) Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Details on how the fair value of financial instruments is determined are disclosed in note 3.

- Fair value in an active market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on their quoted market prices at the statement of financial position date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at current bid prices, while financial liabilities are priced at current asking prices.

- Fair value in an inactive or unquoted market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Where discounted cash flow techniques are used, estimated future cash flows are based on management's best estimates and the discount rate used is a market rate at the statement of financial position date applicable for an instrument with similar terms and conditions.

For other pricing models, inputs are based on market data at the statement of financial position date. Fair values for unquoted equity investments are estimated, if possible, using applicable pricing/earnings ratios for similar listed companies adjusted to reflect the specific circumstances of the issuer.

Investments in unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the managers of such trusts.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loan assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortised using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses if any. Such assets are reviewed at each statement of financial position date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

If any such indication of impairment exists, an impairment calculation is undertaken and any impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the revised estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognised on a financial asset carried at amortised cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through the statement of comprehensive income.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(c) Net assets attributable to unitholders

Units are redeemable at the unitholders' option and are therefore classified as financial liabilities. The units can be put back to the Fund on monthly basis for cash based on the redemption price. The fair value of redeemable units is measured at the redemption amount that is payable (based on the redemption unit price) at the statement of financial position date if unitholders exercised their right to put the units back to the Fund.

(d) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and deposits held at call with financial institutions. Cash equivalents include other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. Bank overdrafts, if any, are shown separately on the statement of financial position.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

(e) Investment income

Interest income and expenses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains on financial instruments. Other changes in fair value for such instruments are recorded in accordance with the policies described in note 2(b).

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Trust distributions are recognised on an entitlements basis.

(f) Expenses

All expenses, including Responsible Entity fees, are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on an accruals basis.

(g) Income tax

Under current legislation, the Fund is not subject to income tax provided the taxable income of the Fund is fully distributed either by way of cash or reinvestment (i.e. unitholders are presently entitled to the income of the Fund).

Financial instruments held at fair value may include unrealised capital gains. Should such a gain be realised, that portion of the gain that is subject to capital gains tax will be distributed so that the Fund is not subject to capital gains tax.

Realised capital losses are not distributed to unitholders but are retained in the Fund to be offset against any realised capital gains. If realised capital gains exceed realised capital losses, the excess is distributed to unitholders.

The benefits of imputation credits and foreign tax paid are passed on to unitholders.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(h) Distributions

In accordance with the Fund Constitution, the Fund distributes its distributable (taxable) income, and any other amounts determined by the Responsible Entity, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs attributable to unitholders.

(i) Increase/decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance costs.

(j) Receivables

Receivables may include amounts for interest and trust distributions. Trust distributions are accrued when the right to receive payment is established. Interest is accrued at the reporting date from the time of last payment in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(e) above. Amounts are generally received within 30 days of being recorded as receivables.

Receivables include such items as Reduced Input Tax Credits (RITC).

(k) Payables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at year end.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the reporting date is recognised separately on the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Fund's Constitution.

(l) Applications and redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

(m) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The GST incurred on the costs of various services provided to the Fund by third parties such as investment management fees, have been passed onto the Fund. The Fund qualifies for RITC of at least 75% hence investment management fees and other expenses have been recognised in the statement of comprehensive income net of the amount of GST recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO). Accounts payable are inclusive of GST. The net amount of GST recoverable from the ATO is included in receivables in the statement of financial position. Cash flows relating to GST are included in the statement of cash flows on a gross basis.

(n) Use of estimates

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) New accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for the 30 June 2011 reporting periods. The directors' assessment of the impact of these new standards (to the extent relevant to the Fund) and interpretations is set out below:

(i) AASB 9 *Financial Instruments* and AASB 2009-11 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 and AASB 2010 Amendment to Australian Accounting Standards arising from AASB 9 (December 2010)* (effective from 1 January 2013)

AASB 9 Financial Instruments addresses the classification, measurement and derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption.

AASB 9 permits the recognition of fair value gains and losses in other comprehensive income if they relate to equity investments that are not traded.

The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt AASB 9. Management does not expect this will have a significant impact on the Fund's financial statements as the Fund does not hold any available for sale investments.

(ii) Revised AASB 124 *Related Party Disclosures* and AASB 2009-12 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards* (effective from 1 January 2011)

In December 2009 the AASB issued a revised AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures. It is effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011 and must be applied retrospectively. The amendment clarifies and simplifies the definition of a related party and removes the requirement for government related entities to disclose details of all transactions with the government and other government related entities. The Fund will apply the amended standard from 1 July 2011. The amendments will not have any effect on the Fund's financial statements.

(iii) AASB 2010-6 *Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards – Disclosures on Transfers of Financial Assets* (effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2011)

In November 2010, the AASB issued AASB 2010-6 Disclosures on Transfers of Financial Assets which amends AASB 1 First time Adoption of Australian Accounting and AASB 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures to introduce additional disclosures in respect of risk exposures arising from transferred financial assets. The amendments will affect particularly entities that sell, factor, securitise, lend or otherwise transfer financial assets to other parties. The amendments will not have any impact on the Fund's disclosures. The Fund intends to apply the amendment from 1 July 2011.

(iv) Amendments to AASB 2010-4 *Further Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards arising from the Annual Improvements Project* (effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2010 / 1 January 2011)

In June 2010, the AASB made a number of amendments to Australian Accounting Standards as a result of the IASB's annual improvements project. The Fund does not expect that any adjustments will be necessary as a result of applying the revised rules.

(v) *IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements*

IFRS 10 establishes a new control model that applies to all entities. It replaces parts of IAS 27 *Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements* dealing with the accounting for consolidated financial statements and SIC-12 *Consolidation – Special Purpose Entities*.

This standard is yet to be approved by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and has not been issued in Australia. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption.

The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt IFRS 10. Management does not expect this will have a significant effect on the Fund's financial statements.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

(o) New accounting standards and interpretations (continued)

(vi) IFRS 12 Disclosures of Interests in Other Entities

IFRS 12 includes all disclosures relating to an entity's interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements, associates and structured entities. New disclosures have been introduced about the judgements made by management to determine whether control exists, and to require summarised information about joint arrangements, associates and structured entities and subsidiaries with non-controlling interests.

This standard is yet to be approved by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and has not been issued in Australia. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption.

The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt IFRS 12. Management does not expect this will have a significant effect on the Fund's financial statements.

(vii) IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement

IFRS 13 establishes a single source of guidance under IFRS for determining the fair value of assets and liabilities. IFRS 13 does not change when an entity is required to use fair value, but rather, provides guidance on how to determine fair value under IFRS when fair value is required or permitted by IFRS. Application of this definition may result in different fair values being determined for the relevant assets.

IFRS 13 also expands the disclosure requirements for all assets or liabilities carried at fair value. This includes information about the assumptions made and the qualitative impact of those assumptions on the fair value determined.

This standard is yet to be approved by the Australian Accounting Standards Board and has not been issued in Australia. The standard is not applicable until 1 January 2013 but is available for early adoption.

The Fund has not yet decided when to adopt IFRS 13. Management does not expect this will have a significant effect on the Fund's financial statements.

3 Financial risk management

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management programme focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's governing documents and seeks to maximise the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Investment Manager's risk management department under policies approved by the Responsible Entity's senior managers or the board of directors of the Responsible Entity (the Board).

(a) Market risk

(i) Price Risk

All securities investments present a risk of loss of capital. The Investment Manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified limits. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the risk management department of the Fund's Investment Manager monitors the Fund's overall market price sensitivity on a daily basis. This is done by seeking to ensure the Fund is fully invested in underlying trusts and zero coupon bonds as per the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement.

The Fund's investments are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of the underlying trusts. Sensitivity to market price risk is detailed in note 3(d).

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund is not exposed to foreign exchange risk as all assets are denominated in Australian dollars.

(iii) Interest rate risk

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk on its zero coupon bonds. Interest income and expense may fluctuate in amount, in particular due to changes in interest rates. Note 3(d) details the Fund's sensitivity to interest rate movements.

The Compliance Committee of the Responsible Entity reviews any identified exceptions to internal risk policies and procedures on a quarterly basis.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the Fund's investments in underlying trusts and zero coupon bonds. Other credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents. None of these assets are impaired nor past due but not impaired.

The Fund also takes on exposure to credit risk with Macquarie Bank Limited ("MBL"). The Fund is exposed to the risk that MBL will default on its contractual obligations to deliver the capital protected amount on the Capital Protection Date. The obligations of MBL are not deposit liabilities of MBL and they are not guaranteed by any party. The obligations are unsecured, and will rank behind claims of secured creditors and mandatory creditors under the law. MBL has a credit rating of A (2010: A) as determined by Standard & Poor's rating agency.

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of at least A- (2010: A-) as determined by Standards and Poor's rating agency.

Other than for the cash and cash equivalents and the investment in zero coupon bonds and underlying trusts, the Fund does not have a concentration of a credit risk that arises from an exposure to a single counterparty. Furthermore, the Fund does not have a material exposure to a group of counterparties which are expected to be affected similarly by changes in economic or other conditions.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is the carrying amount of the financial assets. An analysis of debt securities by rating is set out in the table below.

	30 June 2011	30 June 2010
Australian fixed interest securities	\$	\$
Rating		
A1	<u>5,341,925</u>	<u>5,962,279</u>

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the Investment Manager monitors the Fund's credit position on a daily basis.

The Compliance Committee of the Responsible Entity reviews any identified exceptions to internal risk policies and procedures on a quarterly basis.

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligation associated with financial liabilities.

The Fund is exposed to monthly cash redemptions of redeemable units and as a result it primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of. As of 30 June 2011, the Investment Manager believes that all of its positions are in liquid instruments that can be liquidated without any significant market impact.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the risk management department of the Investment Manager monitors the Fund's liquidity position on a daily basis. This is managed by ensuring provisions are in place to manage liquidity obligations for all unitholders.

Subject to the Fund's Constitution redeemable units may be redeemed monthly at the unitholder's option. All other liabilities are payable within 30 days.

(d) Summarised sensitivity analysis

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk and price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates and historical correlation of the Fund's investments with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables may be greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in the performance of the economies, markets and securities in which the fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables are not a definitive indicator of future variations in the risk variables.

Reasonable possible movements in the risk variables for price risk is 5% (2010: 15%) and for interest rate risk is 25 basis points (2010: 50 basis points).

	Price risk		Interest rate risk	
	Impact on operating profit/Net assets attributable to unitholders			
	-	+	-	+
	\$	\$	\$	\$
30 June 2011	(67,132)	67,132	20,566	(20,566)
30 June 2010	(258,136)	258,136	165,990	(165,990)

(e) Fair value estimation

The carrying amounts of all the Fund's financial assets and financial liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximated their fair values as all financial assets and liabilities not fair valued are short term in nature.

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurement. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Responsible Entity. The Responsible Entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

3 Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

The table below sets out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 30 June 2011 and 30 June 2010.

30 June 2011	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total balance \$
Financial assets				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception:				
- Zero coupon bond	-	5,341,925	-	5,341,925
- Unlisted unit trusts	-	<u>1,342,650</u>	-	<u>1,342,650</u>
Total	-	<u>6,684,575</u>	-	<u>6,684,575</u>

30 June 2010	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total balance \$
Financial assets				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:				
- Zero coupon bond	-	5,962,279	-	5,962,279
- Unlisted unit trusts	-	<u>1,720,906</u>	-	<u>1,720,906</u>
Total	-	<u>7,683,185</u>	-	<u>7,683,185</u>

During the year, there were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 or into/out of Level 3 (2010: nil).

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2, such as zero coupon bonds and unlisted unit trusts.

4 Auditor's remuneration

During the year the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund:

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Audit services		
Audit of financial reports	9,400	7,200
Other audit work under the <i>Corporations Act 2001</i>	<u>310</u>	<u>290</u>
Total remuneration for audit services	<u>9,710</u>	<u>7,490</u>

Audit fees are paid out of the Responsible Entity's own resources. All other expenses are paid by the Fund.

5 Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss

Net gains recognised in relation to financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss:

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Net loss on financial instruments held for trading	(112,322)	-
Net gains on financial instruments designated as at fair value through profit or loss	44,825	1,957,847
Interest income/(expense) on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>357,845</u>	<u>(1,610,024)</u>
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>290,348</u>	<u>347,823</u>

6 Net assets attributable to unitholders

Movements in number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

As stipulated within the Fund Constitution, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

	30 June 2011 No.	30 June 2010 No. (Restated)	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Opening balance	9,113,527	72,242,640	7,099,818	57,414,602
Redemptions	(967,705)	(68,411,539)	(748,047)	(54,521,037)
Units issued upon reinvestment of distributions	795,984	5,282,426	589,913	4,189,785
(Decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	-	-	<u>(314,796)</u>	<u>16,468</u>
Closing balance	<u>8,941,806</u>	<u>9,113,527</u>	<u>6,626,888</u>	<u>7,099,818</u>

Capital risk management

The Fund manages its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a monthly basis as the Fund is subject to monthly redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

The Fund monitors the level of monthly redemptions relative to the liquid assets in the Fund.

7 Cash and cash equivalents

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Deposits at call	<u>106,680</u>	<u>104,578</u>
Total	<u>106,680</u>	<u>104,578</u>

8 Financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss

	30 June 2011 Fair value \$	30 June 2010 Fair value \$
Designated at fair value through profit or loss		
Zero coupon bonds	5,341,925	5,962,279
Unlisted unit trusts	<u>1,342,650</u>	<u>1,720,906</u>
Total designated at fair value through profit or loss	<u>6,684,575</u>	<u>7,683,185</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>6,684,575</u>	<u>7,683,185</u>
Comprising:		
Fixed interest securities		
Zero coupon bonds	5,341,925	5,962,279
Total fixed interest securities	<u>5,341,925</u>	<u>5,962,279</u>
Comprising:		
Unlisted unit trusts		
Units in Australian equity trusts	<u>1,342,650</u>	<u>1,720,906</u>
Total unlisted unit trusts	<u>1,342,650</u>	<u>1,720,906</u>
Total financial assets held at fair value through profit or loss	<u>6,684,575</u>	<u>7,683,185</u>

An overview of the risk exposures relating to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is included in note 3.

9 Related party disclosures

(a) Responsible entity

The Responsible Entity of the Fund is MQ Portfolio Management Limited (MQPML), a wholly owned subsidiary of Macquarie Group Limited.

(b) Key management personnel

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of MQPML at any time during the financial year as follows:

Bruce Neil Terry
Gervaise Robert John Heddle
Scot Thompson

No amount is paid by the Fund directly to the directors of the Responsible Entity. Consequently, no compensation as defined in AASB 124 "Related Party Disclosures" is paid by the Fund to the directors as key management personnel.

(c) Key management personnel unitholdings

At 30 June 2011 no key management personnel held units in the Fund (2010: Nil).

(d) Key management personnel loan disclosures

The Fund has not made, guaranteed or secured, directly or indirectly, any loans to the key management personnel or their personally related entities at any time during the reporting period.

(e) Responsible entity's fees and other transactions

Per the Product Disclosure Statement, the Responsible Entity is entitled to receive management fees of 1.10% per annum (inclusive of the net impact of GST) (2010: 1.10%), calculated on the month end net assets of the Fund.

The Responsible Entity is also entitled to receive operational costs of 0.11% (2010: 0.11%) of the month end net assets (inclusive of the net impact of GST) of the Fund.

The Responsible Entity is also entitled to receive trailing fees of 0.23% (2010: 0.23%) of the month end net assets (inclusive of the net impact of GST) of the Fund.

Up until 02 July 2012, the Responsible Entity is also entitled to receive a placement incentive recovery fee of 0.50% (inclusive of the net impact of GST) (2010: 0.50%) of the aggregated capital protected amount of the Fund, calculated monthly.

All related party transactions are conducted on normal commercial terms and conditions. The transactions during the period between the Fund and the Responsible Entity are listed below:

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
Management fees for the year paid by the Fund to the Responsible Entity	<u>120,875</u>	<u>233,042</u>
Rebate of performance fees received from the Responsible Entity*	<u>8,612</u>	<u>-</u>
Aggregate amounts payable to the Responsible Entity at the reporting date	<u>9,883</u>	<u>11,730</u>

* Where the Fund invests into other schemes managed by the Responsible Entity, the Responsible Entity rebates management fees charged in the underlying schemes.

(f) Related party schemes' unitholdings

Parties related to the Fund (including MQPML, its related parties and other schemes managed by MQPML), held no units in the Fund.

9 Related party disclosures (continued)

(g) Investments

The Trust held investments in the following schemes which are also managed by MQ Portfolio Management Limited or its related parties:

	Fair value of investment		Interest held		Distributions received/receivable	
	2011 \$	2010 \$	2011 %	2010 %	2011 \$	2010 \$
Macquarie Australian Equity Income Fund	673,716	848,926	0.59	6.65	53,496	133,374
Macquarie Special Events Fund	668,934	871,979	1.30	2.43	43,906	177,361

No distributions receivable remain unpaid as at 30 June 2011 (2010: Nil).

(h) Other transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no directors of the Responsible Entity have entered into a material contract with the Fund since the end of the previous financial year and there were no material contracts involving director's interests subsisting at year end.

The bank accounts for the Fund are held with Macquarie Bank Limited. The Fund uses Macquarie Securities (Australia) Limited and Macquarie Bank Limited (both Macquarie Group entities), for broking and clearing services respectively. Fees and expenses are negotiated on an arm's length basis for all transactions with related parties.

10 Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow from operating activities

	30 June 2011 \$	30 June 2010 \$
(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) to net cash inflow from operating activities		
Profit/loss for the year	-	-
(Decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to unitholders	(314,797)	16,468
Net gains on financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	(290,348)	(347,823)
Proceeds from sale of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss	1,891,068	61,657,905
Purchase of financial instruments held at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments	(316,707)	(8,044,409)
Dividends reinvested	(97,402)	(310,735)
Distributions to unitholders	595,393	448,070
Net change in accrued income and prepaid expenses	29	17,606
Net change in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,848)	(86,822)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	<u>1,465,388</u>	<u>53,350,260</u>

(b) Non-cash financing and investing activities

During the year, the following distribution payments were satisfied by the issue of units under the distribution reinvestment plan

<u>589,913</u>	<u>4,189,785</u>
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As described in note 2(i), income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. The change in this amount each year (as reported in (a) above) represents a non-cash financing cost as it is not settled in cash until such time as it becomes distributable (i.e. taxable).

11 Events occurring after year end

No significant events have occurred since year end which would impact on the financial position of the Fund disclosed in the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2011 or on the results and cash flows of the Fund for the year ended on that date.

12 Contingent assets, contingent liabilities or commitments

There are no outstanding contingent assets, contingent liabilities or commitments as at 30 June 2011 and 30 June 2010.

Directors' declaration

In the opinion of the directors of the Responsible Entity:

- (a) the financial statements and notes set out on pages 6 to 23 are in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - (i) complying with Accounting Standards, the *Corporations Regulations 2001* and other mandatory professional reporting requirements; and
 - (ii) giving a true and fair view of the Fund's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

The directors declare that the notes to the financial statements include an explicit and unreserved statement of compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (see note 2(a)).

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.



Scot Thompson
Director

Sydney
28 September 2011

Independent auditor's report to the unitholders of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund

We have audited the accompanying financial report of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund (the "fund"), which comprises the consolidated statement of financial position as at 30 June 2011, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration of the consolidated entity comprising the fund and the entities it controlled at the year's end or from time to time during the financial year.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of MQ Portfolio Management Limited, the responsible entity of the fund, are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal controls as the directors determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In Note 2, the directors also state, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with *International Financial Reporting Standards*.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the responsible entity's internal controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

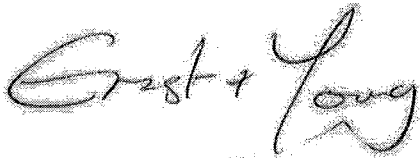
Independence

In conducting our audit we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*. We have given to the directors of the responsible entity a written Auditor's Independence Declaration, a copy of which is included with the directors' report.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- a. the financial report of MQ Equity Enhanced Income Fund is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:
 - i giving a true and fair view of the consolidated entity's financial position as at 30 June 2011 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and
 - ii complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*; and
- b. the financial report also complies with *International Financial Reporting Standards* as disclosed in Note 2.



Ernst & Young



Darren Handley-Greaves
Partner
Sydney
28 September 2011